TOSHIBA BiCD Process Integrated Circuit Silicon Monolithic

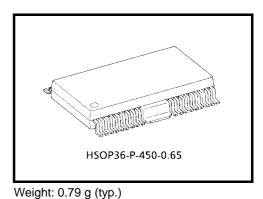
TB62205FG

Single-Stepping Motor Driver IC with Dual DC/DC Converter Driven by Chopper Micro-Step Pseudo Sine Wave

The TB62205FG is a single-stepping motor driver with dual DCDC converter driven by chopper micro-step pseudo sine wave.

To drive a two-phase bipolar-type stepping motor, a 16-bit latch and a 16-bit shift register are built in the IC. The TB62205FG is suitable for driving stepping motors at high efficiency and with low-torque ripple, and supports Selectable Mixed Decay Mode for switching the attenuation ratio at chopping.

Also, the IC incorporates two DCDC converters, enabling two individually configurable power supplies.



Features

- One stepping motor driven by micro-step pseudo sine wave is controlled by a single driver IC
- Enables to drive two-way supply voltage using a pair of step-down DC/DC converters
- Monolithic Bi-CMOS IC

Low ON-resistance of $R_{on} = 0.7 \Omega$ (@T_i = 25°C, 1.0 A: typ.)

- Motor block incorporating 16-bit serial-in shift register, 16-bit latch and 4-bit D/A converter for micro step drives
- On-chip 5-V regulator for internal circuit, enabling single power supply operation (VM) for the motor
- On-chip ISD and TSD circuits, and internal VDD/VM power-on reset circuit as protection circuits
- On-chip charge pump circuit (two external capacitors)
- Package: 36-pin power flat package (P-HSOP 3620-450-0.65)
- Motor maximum power supply voltage: 30 V (max), motor output current: 0.7 A (max)
- DCDC converter maximum input current: 1.2 A (max), maximum load current: 0.96 (A)
- On-chip Mixed Decay Mode enables specification of four-stage attenuation ratio.
- Chopping frequency can be set by external oscillator. High-speed chopping is possible at 100 kHz or higher.
- Also, DCDC frequency can be set by the external OSC.
- To set chopping at 100 kHz or higher is possible

Note: When using the IC, pay attention to thermal conditions. These devices are easily damaged by high static voltage. In regards to this, please handle with care.

A schottky barrier diode (SBD) should be inserted between the output pin of the DCDC converter and ground. (Recommended device: Toshiba CMS07)

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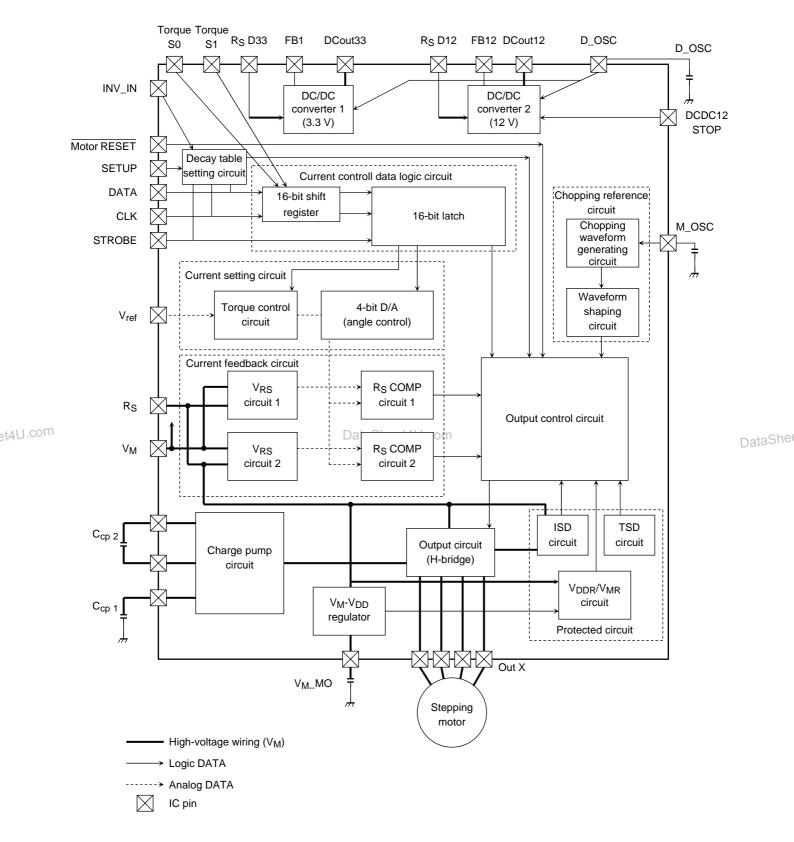
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Block Diagram

TB62205FG

1. Overview



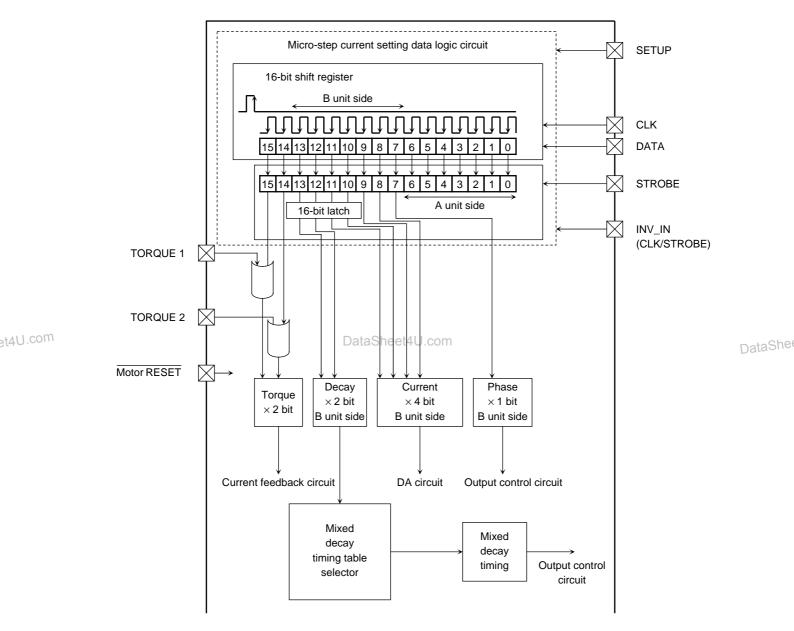
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2. Logic unit for motor driver

Function

This circuit is used to input from the DATA pins micro-step current setting data and to transfer them to the subsequent stage. By switching the SETUP pin, the data in the mixed decay timing table can be rewrite

External input data and the 2-bit input signal from 16-bit shift register can be used to set the torque circuit. When 1 is input to one of them, 1 is reflected such as a function of OR gate.



Note: The Motor RESET and SETUP pins are pulled down in the IC by 100 kΩ resistor. When the SETUP pin and the TORQUE pin are not used, connect them to ground. Otherwise, malfunction may occur.

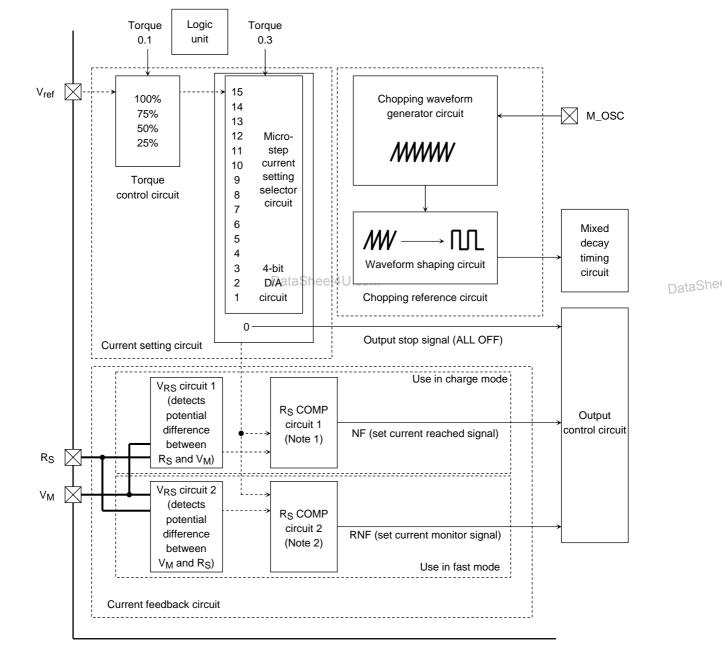
3. Current feedback circuit and current setting circuit for motor driver

Function

The current setting circuit is used to set the reference voltage of the output current using the micro-step current setting data input from the DATA pins.

The current feedback circuit is used to output to the output control circuit the relation between the set current value and output current. This is done by comparing the reference voltage output to the current setting circuit with the potential difference generated when current flows through the current sense resistor connected between R_S and V_M .

The chopping waveform generator, to which a capacitor is connected, generates clock (OSC-CLK) used as reference for the chopping frequency, so that these two circuits are pure digital logic.



Note 1: R_S COMP1: Compares the set current with the output current and outputs a signal when the output current reaches the set current.

Note 2: R_S COMP2: Compares the set current with the output current at the end of Fast mode during chopping. Outputs a signal when the set current is below the output current.

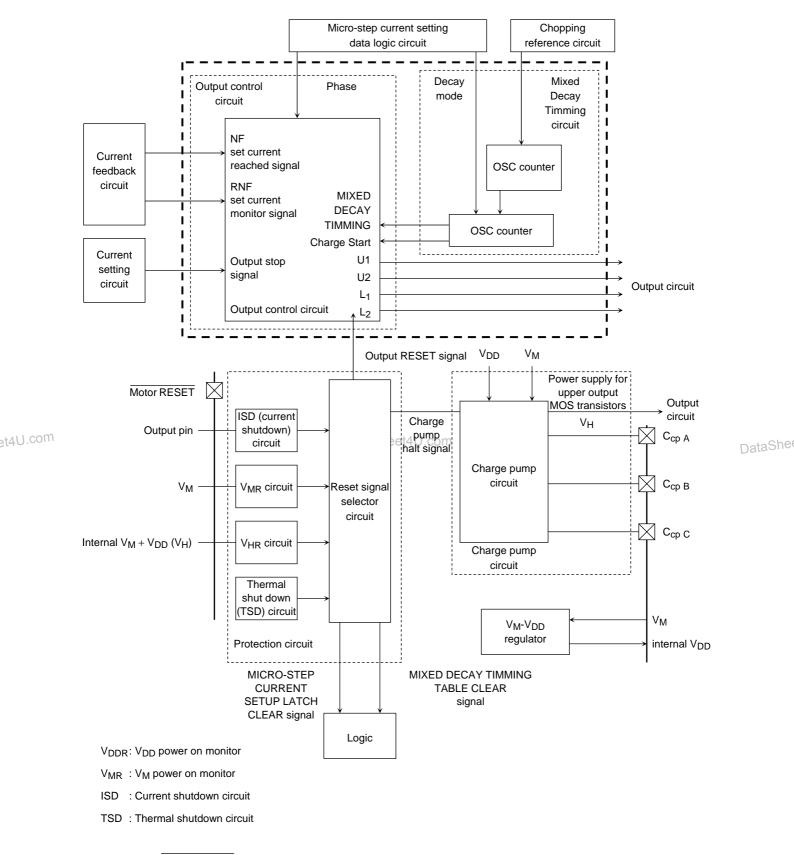
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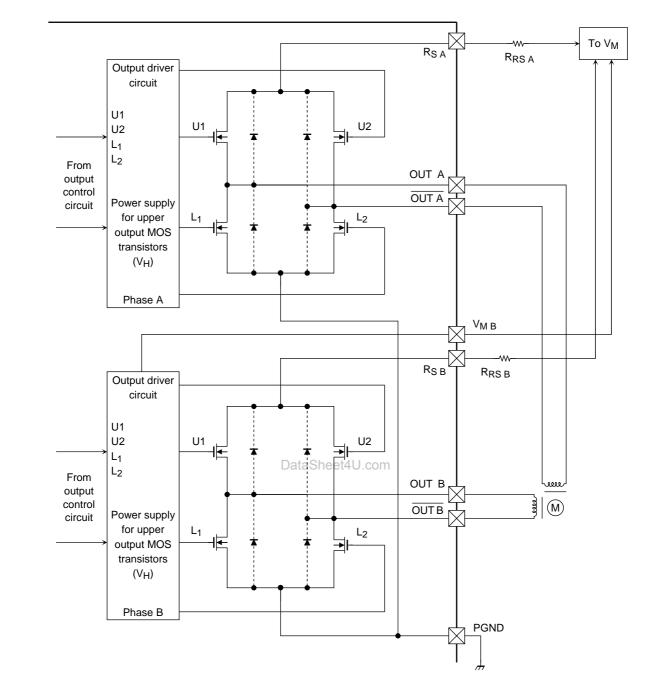
4. Output control circuit, current feedback circuit and current setting circuit for motor driver



Note: The Motor RESET, and SETUP pins are pulled down in the IC by a 100-k Ω resistor. When these pins are not used, connect them to ground. If they are left open, malfunction may occur.

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5. Output equivalent circuit for motor driver



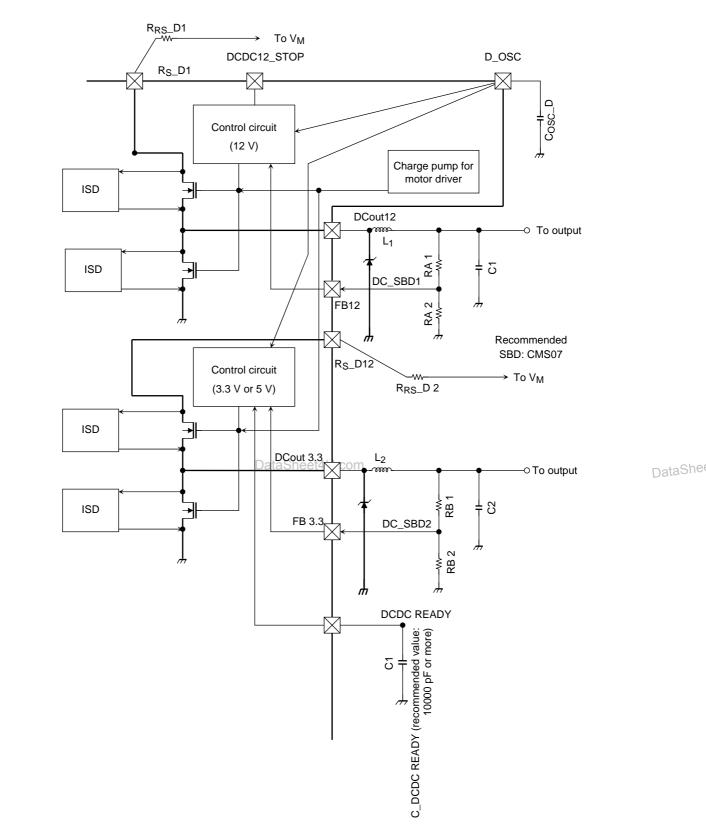
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6. DCDC conversion circuit





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Pin Descriptions

| Pin No. | Pin Symbol | Pin Description |
|-----------------|----------------------|---|
| 1 | V _M | Power supply monitor pin for output part |
| 2 | TORQUE S0 | External motor torque setting pin for motor |
| 3 | TORQUE S1 | External motor torque setting pin for motor |
| 4 | INV_IN | Inverse input pin for motor CLK and STROBE |
| 5 | V _{SS1} | Ground pin for LOGIC part (Please connect the pin 5 to FIN.) |
| 6 | NC | Not connected |
| 7 | | Motor Ā output pin |
| 8 | R _{S A} | Motor A channel current detection pin (power supply pin) |
| 9 | OUT A | Motor A output pin |
| F _{IN} | F _{IN} | FIN (VSS): Ground pin for LOGIC |
| 10 | OUTB | Motor B output pin |
| 11 | R _{S B} | Motor B channel current detection pin (power supply pin) |
| 12 | OUT B | Motor B output pin |
| 13 | NC | Not connected |
| 14 | V _{SS2} | Ground pin for LOGIC part (Please connect the pin 14 to FIN.) |
| 15 | STROBE | Motor STROBE (latch) signal input pin (↓: LATCH @ INV_IN: L) |
| 16 | CLK | Motor lock input pin (1: CLK @ INV_IN: L) |
| 17 | DATA | Motor serial data signal input pin |
| 18 | OSC_M | External chopping reference pin for motor, that sets the chopping frequency. |
| 19 | V _{DD} _MO | Internal power supply monitor pin for logic part (Internal power supply) |
| 20 | V _{ref} | Motor V _{ref} input pin |
| 21 | SETUP | Mode switching pin for Motor SETUP (L: Motor operation, H: Motor switching) |
| 22 | Motor RESET | Motor stopping pin (L: RESET) |
| 23 | DCDC12STOP | Output stopping pin for DCDC 12 V |
| 24 | DCDC12FB | Voltage feedback pin for DCDC 12 V |
| 25 | P-GND12 | PGND for DCDC 12 V |
| 26 | R _S _DC12 | Power supply input pin (sense resistor connecting pin) for DCDC 12 \ensuremath{V} |
| 27 | DCDC12OUT | Power voltage output pin for DCDC 12 V |
| F _{IN} | F _{IN} | FIN (VSS): Ground pin for LOGIC part |
| 28 | DCDC3.3OUT | Power voltage output pin for DCDC 3.3 V |
| 29 | R _S _D3.3 | Power supply input pin (sense resistor connecting pin) for DCDC 3.3 V $$ |
| 30 | PGND3.3 | PGND for DCDC 3.3 V |
| 31 | DCDC3.3FB | Power voltage feedback pin for DCDC 3.3 V |
| 32 | DCDC READY | Pin for setting start delay time of DCDC 3.3V |
| 33 | OSC_D | Capacitor connection pin for DCDC oscillating frequency |
| 34 | C _{cp C} | Capacitor pin for charge pump (C _{cp 2}) |
| 35 | С _{ср В} | Capacitor pin for charge pump ($C_{cp 2}$) |
| 36 | C _{cp A} | Capacitor pin for charge pump $(C_{cp 1})$ |

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Note: When the IC is mounted in the wrong orientation, high voltage will be applied to the low-withstand-voltage block, which causes the IC to be destroyed. Please check the pin 1 positioning mark when mounting it. While the IC is powered-on, do not connect the motor to the IC or vice-versa.

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Function

16-bit serial input signals for motor (apply the signals in reverse order of TB62201AF serial input signals.)

| Data Bit | Name | Function |
|----------|---------------|---|
| 0 | Phase A | Phase information (H: out A is high) |
| 1 | Current A3 | |
| 2 | Current A2 | A-channel current setting |
| 3 | Current A1 | A-channel current setting |
| 4 | Current A0 | |
| 5 | Decay Mode A1 | A-channel current attenuation ratio setting |
| 6 | Decay Mode A0 | A-channel current attendation ratio setting |
| 7 | Phase B | Phase information (H: out B is high) |
| 8 | Current B3 | |
| 9 | Current B2 | B-channel current setting |
| 10 | Current B1 | B-channel current setting |
| 11 | Current B0 | |
| 12 | Decay Mode B1 | B-channel current attenuation ratio setting |
| 13 | Decay Mode B0 | B-channel current attendation ratio setting |
| 14 | Torque 1 | Torque setting |
| 15 | Torque 0 | |

Strobe

CLK

DATA

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0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15

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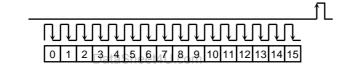
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Note: The direction of DATA and CLK indicated above is under the condition of when INV_IN = H.

Data input signal at setting mixed decay timing table (Apply the signals in reverse order of TB62201AF data input signals.)

| Data Bit | Name | Function | Initial Value |
|----------|----------------|------------------------------------|---------------------|
| 0 | Current Mode 3 | Selects Slow or Mixed Decay Mode | 1: Mixed Decay Mode |
| 1 | Decay Mode 3-2 | | 1 |
| 2 | Decay Mode 3-1 | Sets decay 3 ratio (decay 3 ratio) | 1 |
| 3 | Decay Mode 3-0 | | 1: 100% |
| 4 | Current Mode 2 | Selects Slow or Mixed Decay Mode | 1: Mixed Decay Mode |
| 5 | Decay Mode 2-2 | | 1 |
| 6 | Decay Mode 2-1 | Sets decay 2 ratio | 0 |
| 7 | Decay Mode 2-0 | - | 1: 75% |
| 8 | Current Mode 2 | Selects Slow or Mixed Decay Mode | 1: Mixed Decay Mode |
| 9 | Decay Mode 1-2 | | 0 |
| 10 | Decay Mode 1-1 | Sets decay 1 ratio | 1 |
| 11 | Decay Mode 1-0 | - | 0: 37.5% |
| 12 | Current Mode 0 | Selects Slow or Mixed Decay Mode | 0: Mixed Decay Mode |
| 13 | Decay Mode 0-2 | | 0 |
| 14 | Decay Mode 0-1 | Sets decay 0 ratio | 0 |
| 15 | Decay Mode 0-0 | 1 | 0: 12.5% |

Strobe CLK DATA



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Note: The direction of DATA and CLK indicated above is under the condition of when $INV_IN = H$.

Table for Setting (1) D0

Setting Phase A

| Data Bit | Name | Function | Phase | Setting Value Phase |
|----------|---------|------------------|-------|-----------------------------------|
| 0 | Phase A | Switching phases | 0 | OUT A = L, OUT \overline{A} = H |
| | | | 1 | $OUT A = H, OUT \overline{A} = L$ |

Table for Setting (2) D1, D2, D3, D4, D8, D9, D10, D11

Setting Current

| Data Bit | Step | A3 | A2 | A1 | A0 | B3 | B2 | B1 | В0 | Setting Angle (degree) |
|----------|------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|---------------------------|
| 1 | 16 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 90 |
| 2 | 15 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 84 |
| 3 | 14 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 79 |
| 4 | 13 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 73 |
| | 12 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 68 |
| 8 | 11 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 61 |
| 9 | 10 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 56 |
| 10 | 9 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 51 |
| 11 | 8 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 45 |
| | 7 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 39 |
| | 6 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 34 |
| | 5 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 28 |
| | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 23 |
| | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 17 |
| | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 11 |
| | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 6 |
| | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |

Table for Setting (3) D5, D6, D12, D13

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Setting Decay Mode

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| Data Bit | Name | Function | Decay Mode 1 | Decay Mode 0 | Setting Value Decay Mode |
|----------|---------------|--------------------|--------------|--------------|-----------------------------|
| 5 | Decay Mode A1 | Setting Decay Mode | 0 | 0 | Mixed Decay Mode: 12.5% |
| 6 | Decay Mode A0 | | 0 | 1 | Mixed Decay Mode: 37.5% |
| | | | 1 | 0 | Mixed Decay Mode: 75.0% |
| | | | 1 | 1 | Fast Decay Mode |

Table for Setting (3) D7

Setting Phase B

| Data Bit | Name | Function | Phase | Setting Value Phase |
|----------|---------|------------------|-------|-----------------------------------|
| 7 | Phase B | Switching phases | 0 | OUT B = L, OUT \overline{B} = H |
| | | (+side, -side) | 1 | OUT B = H, OUT \overline{B} = L |

Table for Setting (3) D14, D15

Setting Torque

| Data Bit | Name | Function | Torque 1 | Torque 0 | Setting Value Torque (typ.) |
|----------|----------|-----------------------|----------|----------|--------------------------------|
| 0 | Torque 0 | Setting current range | 0 | 0 | 25% |
| 1 | Torque 1 | | 0 | 1 | 50% |
| | | | 1 | 0 | 75% |
| | | | 1 | 1 | 100% |

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Function of External Input Pins

External Torque 1.2

| Pin Number | Name | Function | Torque 1 | Torque 0 | Setting Value Torque (typ.) |
|------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------|----------|--------------------------------|
| 3 | TORQUE S1 | Setting current range | 0 | 0 | 25% |
| 2 | TORQUE S0 | | 0 | 1 | 50% |
| | | | 1 | 0 | 75% |
| | | | 1 | 1 | 100% |

When 1 is applied to either the external Torque 1.2 or the serial data Torque 1.2, 1 is reflected such as a function of OR gate.

INV_IN

| Pin number | Name | Function | Torque 1 | Setting Value Torque (typ.) |
|------------|--|--------------------|---|---|
| 4 | 4 INV_IN Determine which direction to reflect the STROBE CLK of the serial data input. | Н | The same direction as TB62201AF Down CLK Up Edge Strobe | |
| | | serial data input. | L | The opposite direction from TB62201AF Up CLK Down Edge Strobe |

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Maximum Ratings (Ta = 25°C)

| Characteristics | Symbol | Rating | Unit | Remarks |
|--|----------------------|--------------------------|---------|------------------|
| Motor/DCDC power supply voltage | VM | 30 | V | |
| Motor output current | IOUT | 0.7 | A/phase | (Note 1) |
| Maximum DCDC converter input current | IDCOUT | 1.2 | А | (Note 2) |
| Maximum DCDC initial charge current | IDCOUT_S | 0.8 | А | (Note 3) |
| Maximum constant output current | I _{DCconst} | I _{DCOUT} × 0.8 | А | (Note 4) |
| Maximum Vref voltage range | V _{erf} | 4.0 | V | |
| Current detect pin voltage | V _{RS} | $V_{M} \pm 4.5$ | V | |
| Maximum voltage at charge pump (CCP1) pin | V _H | V _M + 7.0 | V | Inside regulator |
| Logic input voltage | V _{IN} | Up to 5.7 | V | (Note 5) |
| Dower dissipation | D | 1.4 | W | (Note 6) |
| Power dissipation | PD | 3.2 | vv | (Note 7) |
| Operating temperature | T _{opr} | -40 to 85 | °C | |
| Storage temperature | T _{stg} | -55 to 150 | °C | |
| Junction temperature | Tj | 150 | °C | |

Note 1: Perform thermal calculations for the maximum current value of the motor under normal conditions. Use the IC at 0.6 A or less per phase.

Note 2: Under the condition of DCDC output voltage × 0.9 V or higher (typ.) In this case, the input current to the power supply becomes the current value (1.2 A) that is controlled by the sense resistor.

- Note 3: Under the condition of DCDC output voltage \times 0.9 V or lower (typ.)
- Note 4: The output current is lower by 20% than the input current value of the DCDC converter (calculated value). When The value of IDC_{OUT} is 1.2 A (max), the output current will be 0.96 A (max).
- Note 5: Input 5.5 V or less as VIN.
- Note 6: Measured for the IC only. $(Ta = 25^{\circ}C)$
- Note 7: Measured when mounted on the board. (Ta = 25° C) Ta: IC ambient temperature T_{opr}: IC ambient temperature when starting operation

Ti: IC chip temperature during operation Ti (max) is controlled by TSD (thermal shutdown circuit)

Note : Notes on maximum voltage

This device does not incorporate an overvoltage protection circuit. When an excessive voltage is applied to the device, it may be destroyed. Thus, make sure that the power supply voltage is within the specification value.

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Recommended Operating Conditions (Ta = 0°C to 85°C)

| Characteristics | Symbol | Test Condition | Min | Тур. | Max | Unit |
|------------------------------------|----------------------|--|-----|------|------|------|
| Voltage range | VM | — | 14 | 24 | 28 | V |
| Motor output current | IOUT | Ta = 25°C, per phase | | 0.4 | 0.6 | А |
| DCDC converter current range | IDCOUT | — | _ | 1.0 | 1.1 | А |
| DCDC initial charge current | I _{DCOUT_S} | — | _ | 0.6 | 0.7 | А |
| Maximum constant output current | IDCOut_Const | Maximum DCDC initial charge current $\times 0.8$ | _ | 0.8 | 0.84 | А |
| Logic input voltage | V _{IN} | — | GND | | 5 | V |
| Clock frequency | fCLK | — | _ | 1.0 | 25 | MHz |
| Motor chopping frequency | f _{chop} _M | V _M = 24 V | 40 | 100 | 150 | kHz |
| DCDC chopping frequency | f _{chop} _D | V _M = 24 V | 40 | 100 | 150 | kHz |
| V _{ref} reference voltage | V _{ref} | V _M = 24 V | 0 | 2.0 | 3.0 | V |
| Current detect pin voltage | V _{RS} | V _M = 24 V | 0 | ±1.0 | ±1.5 | V |

Note: In terms of the temperature withstand capability, the maximum value of T_j should be approximately 120°C.

Operating Precaution

This device does not incorporate an overvoltage protection circuit. Thus, if an excess voltage is applied to the IC, the IC may be destroyed. Please design the IC so that an excess voltage will not be applied to the IC.

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Motor Electrical Characteristics 1 (unless otherwise specified, Ta = 25°C, V_M = 24 V, Ccp1 = 0.22 μ F, Ccp2 = 0.022 μ F)

| Characteris | tics | Symbol | Test Circuit | Test Condition | Min | Тур. | Max | Unit | | |
|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|--------------|------|---------|------|--|--|
| | High | V _{IN (H)} | | | 2.0 | 3.3 | 5.4 | | | |
| Input voltage | Low | V _{IN (L)} | DC | CLK, Motor RESET , STROBE, DATA Torque 0, Torque 1, SETUP pins | GND - 0.4 | GND | 0.8 | V | | |
| Input hysteresis | | VIN (HIS) | DC | CLK input pin | _ | 0.3 | | V | | |
| Input ourrent 1 | | I _{IN1} (H) | | CLK STROPE DATA ping | | | 1.0 | ۸ | | |
| Input current 1 | | l _{IN1} (L) | DC | CLK, STROBE, DATA pins | _ | — | 1.0 | μA | | |
| Input ourrent 2 | | I _{IN2} (H) | DC | | | — | 100 | ۸ | | |
| Input current 2 | | I _{IN2} (L) | | Motor RESET, SETUP pins | | — | 100 | μA | | |
| | | IM1 | | OUT = open, motor logic = L DCDC3.3 ON (100-kHz external operation) $V_M = 24 V$, motor output stage = OFF Charge pump = charged $C_{cp1} = 0.22 \mu$ F, $C_{cp2} = 0.02 \mu$ F | 8 | 12 | 15 | | | |
| Current dissipation | (Pin V _M) | IM2 | DC | OUT = open, fchop = 100 kHz (phase input 200 kHz) DCDC3.3 ON (100-kHz external operation) $V_M = 24 V$, motor output stage = open Charge pump = charged $C_{cp1} = 0.22 \mu F$, $C_{cp2} = 0.02 \mu F$ | 22 | 24 | 26 | mA | | |
| | IM3 | | OUT = open, chopping = 100 kHz DCDC3.3 ON (100-kHz external operation) DCDC12 ON (100-kHz external operation) Charge pump = charged $C_{cp1} = 0.22 \ \mu\text{F}, C_{cp2} = 0.02 \ \mu\text{F}$ | 24 | 30 | 35 | | | | |
| Output standby current | | | | $V_{RS} = V_M = 24 V$, $V_{out} = 0 V$, $\overline{Motor RESET} = H$, DATA = all L | -400 | -300 | -200 | μA | | |
| Output bias current | Upper | I _{OB} | DC | $V_{RS} = V_M = 24 V$, $V_{out} = 24 V$, RESET = H, DATA = all L | -200 | -120 | 120 –80 | | | |
| Output leakage current | Lower | I _{OL} | | $V_{RS} = V_M = C_{CP A} = V_{out} = 24 V,$ Motor RESET = L | | _ | 1.0 | μA | | |
| | HIGH (reference) | V _{RS (H)} | | V _{ref} = 3.0 V, V _{ref} (gain) = 1/4.0 TORQUE = (H.H) = 100% setting | _ | 100 | | | | |
| Comparator reference voltage | MID HIGH | V _{RS (MH)} | DC | $V_{ref} = 3.0 \text{ V}, V_{ref} \text{ (gain)} = 1/4.0$ TORQUE = (H.L) = 75% setting | 73 | 75 | 77 | % | | |
| ratio | MID LOW | V _{RS (ML)} | | $V_{ref} = 3.0 \text{ V}, V_{ref} \text{ (gain)} = 1/4.0$ TORQUE = (L.H) = 50% setting | 48 | 50 | 52 | 70 | | |
| | LOW | V _{RS (L)} | | $V_{ref} = 3.0 V$, V_{ref} (gain) = 1/4.0 TORQUE = (L.L) = 25% setting | 23 | 25 | 27 | 1 | | |
| Output current diffe | rential | ∆l _{out1} | DC | Differences between output current channels I _{out} = 700 mA | -5 | _ | 5 | % | | |
| Output current settin differential | ng | ΔI_{out2} | DC | I _{out} = 700 mA | -5 | | 5 | % | | |
| R _S pin current | I _{RS} | DC | $V_{RS} = 24 \text{ V}, V_M = 24 \text{ V},$ $\overline{\text{Motor RESET}} = L (RESET status)$ | | | 10 | μΑ | | | |
| | | R _{ON (D-S)} 1 | | $I_{out} = 1.0 \text{ A}, T_j = 25^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{ Drain-source}$ | | 0.7 | 0.85 | | | |
| Output transistor drain-source On-resistance | | R _{ON} (S-D) 1 | | $I_{out} = 1.0 \text{ A}, T_j = 25^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{ Source-drain}$ | _ | 0.7 | 0.85 | Ω | | |
| | | R _{ON} (D-S) 2 | DC | $I_{out} = 1.0 \text{ A}, T_j = 105^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{Drain-source}$ | _ | 0.9 | 1.1 | | | |
| | R _{ON} (S-D) 2 | 1 | $I_{out} = 1.0 \text{ A}, T_j = 105^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{ Source-drain}$ | | 0.9 | 1.1 | | | | |

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Motor Electrical Characteristics 2 (unless otherwise specified, Ta = 25°C, V_M = 24 V, Ccp1 = 0.22 μ F, Ccp2 = 0.022 μ F)

| Characteristics | Symbol | Test Circuit | Test Condition | Min | Тур. | Max | Unit |
|---|------------------------------------|-----------------|--|-------|------|-------|------|
| Internal logic power supply voltage | V _{DD} | DC | Automatically created | 4.7 | 5.0 | 5.3 | V |
| V _{ref} input voltage | V _{ref} | DC | $\overline{\text{Motor RESET}} = \text{H}$, Output on | 0 | _ | 3.3 | V |
| V _{ref} input current | I _{ref} | DC | $\overline{Motor RESET} = H, \\ Output off, V_{ref} = 3.0 V$ | 20 | 45 | 60 | μΑ |
| V _{ref} attenuation ratio | V _{ref (gain)} | DC | $\overline{\text{Motor RESET}} = \text{H}, \\ \text{Output on, } V_{\text{ref}} = 0 \text{ V to } 3.3 \text{ V}$ | 1/3.8 | 1/4 | 1/4.2 | |
| TSD temperature | T _j TSD (Note 1) | DC | _ | 130 | 150 | 170 | °C |
| V _M return voltage | V _{MR} | DC | $\overline{\text{Motor RESET}} = \text{H}, \text{STRBE} = \text{H}$ | 10.5 | 11.0 | 11.5 | V |
| Over current protected circuit operation current | I _{SD} (Note 2) | DC | f _{chop} = 100 kHz set | _ | 3.0 | _ | A |

Note 1: Thermal shutdown (TSD) circuit

When the IC junction temperature reaches the specified value and the TSD circuit is activated, the internal reset circuit is activated switching the outputs of both motors to off. When the temperature is set between 130 (min) to 170°C (max), the TSD circuit operates. When the TSD

circuit is activated, the function data latched at that time are cleared. Output is halted until the reset is released. While the TSD circuit is in operation, the charge pump is halted.

Note 2: Overcurrent protection circuit

When current exceeding the specified value flows to the DCDC output, the internal reset circuit is activated switching the outputs of both shafts to off.

When the ISD circuit is activated, the function data latched at that time are cleared.

The overcurrent protection circuit remains activated until the V_M voltage is reapplied. Activating the ISD initializes all the circuits in the IC, which causes the charge pump to be stopped. For the failsafe operation, insert a fuse in the power supply.

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Motor Electrical Characteristics 3

 $(Ta = 25^{\circ}C, V_{M} = 24 V, I_{out} = 0.7 A, C_{cp1} = 0.22 \mu F, C_{cp2} = 0.022 \mu F)$

| Characteristics | Symbol | Test Circuit | Test Condi | tion | Min | Тур. | Max | Unit |
|-----------------|---------------|-----------------|------------------------------|------|-----|------|-----|------|
| | θΑ = 90 (θ16) | 100 | _ | | | | | |
| | | | θΑ = 84 (θ15) | | | 100 | | |
| | | | θΑ = 79 (θ14) | | 93 | 98 | _ | |
| | | | θΑ = 73 (θ13) | | 91 | 96 | _ | |
| | | | θΑ = 68 (θ12) | | 87 | 92 | 97 | |
| | | | θA = 62 (θ11) | | 83 | 88 | 93 | |
| | | | θΑ = 56 (θ10) | | 78 | 83 | 88 | |
| | | | θA = 51 (θ9) | | 72 | 77 | 82 | |
| Chopper current | Vector | DC | $\theta A = 45 \ (\theta 8)$ | — | 66 | 71 | 76 | % |
| | | | θΑ = 40 (θ7) | | 58 | 63 | 68 | |
| | | | θA = 34 (θ6) | | 51 | 56 | 61 | |
| | | | θA = 28 (θ5) | | 42 | 47 | 52 | |
| | | | θΑ = 23 (θ4) | | 33 | 38 | 43 | |
| | | | θΑ = 17 (θ3) | | 24 | 29 | 34 | |
| | | | θΑ = 11 (θ2) | | 15 | 20 | 25 | |
| | | | $\theta A = 6 \ (\theta 1)$ | | 5 | 10 | 15 | |
| | | | $\theta A = 0 \ (\theta 0)$ | | | 0 | _ | |

DCDC Converter Electrical Characteristics 1 (unless otherwise specified, Ta = 25°C, $V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V}, V_M = 24 \text{ V}, C_{cp1} = 0.22 \mu\text{F}, C_{cp2} \cong 0.022 \mu\text{F})$

> Test Symbol Characteristics **Test Condition** Min Тур. Max Unit Circuit Output voltage error $V_{out} = 3.3 V,$ ΔV_{out1} FB with 1% resistor 0.96 A, C = 470 $\mu F,$ L = 470 μF DCDC output voltage error DC 0 % -5 5 Output voltage error (DCDC load regulation) V_{out} = 3.3 V, ΔV_{out2} FB with 1% resistor $I_{out} = 0.7 \text{ A}, C = 470 \ \mu\text{F},$ $L = 470 \ \mu F, V_{M} = 12-28 \ V$ DCDC Pin FB input current DC V_M = 24 V, V_{IN (FB)} 500 IIN (FB) nA Pin FB threshold voltage DC 2.5 V Vth (FB) $I_{out} = 700 \text{ mA}$ Soft/full switching voltage ratio V_{DC}_SF DC 90 92 94 % V_M = 24 V, upper -200 DCDC output off leak current DC nA lodc $V_M = 24 V$, lower -400 ____ ____ DCDC Maximum duty cycle DC_duty DC 90 % $I_{out} = 1.0 \text{ A}, T_{j} = 25^{\circ}\text{C},$ RON (D-S) 1 0.7 0.84 forward direction

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Ω

Output transistor drain - source ON

resistance

DC

RON (D-S) 1

RON (D-S) 2

RON (D-S) 2

 $I_{out} = 1.0 \text{ A}, T_j = 25^{\circ}\text{C},$

 $I_{out} = 1.0 \text{ A}, T_i = 105^{\circ}C,$

opposite direction

forward direction $I_{out} = 1.0 \text{ A}, T_i = 105^{\circ}\text{C},$

opposite direction

0.84

1.1

1.1

0.7

0.9

0.9

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AC Characteristics for Motor Driver (Ta = 25°C, V_M = 24 V, 6.8 mH/5.7 Ω , C_{cp1} = 0.22 μ F, C_{cp2} = 0.022 μ F)

| Characteristics | Symbol | Test Circuit | Test Condition | Min | Тур. | Max | Unit |
|--|--------------------------|-----------------|---|-----|------|------|--|
| Motor clock frequency | fCLK | AC | _ | 1.0 | _ | 25 | MHz |
| | t _w (CLK) | | | 40 | _ | _ | |
| Motor minimum clock pulse width | t _{wp} (CLK) | AC | — | 20 | _ | _ | ns |
| | t _{wn} (CLK) | | | 20 | | | |
| | ^t STROBE | | | 40 | | _ | |
| Motor minimum STROBE pulse width | tSTROBE (H) | AC | — | 20 | | _ | MHz |
| | ^t STROBE (L) | | | 20 | _ | _ | |
| Motor data setup time | t _{suSIN-CLK} | AC | | 20 | | | ns |
| | t _{su} ST-CLK | 7.0 | | 20 | | | 115 |
| Motor data hold time | t _{hSIN-CLK} | AC | | 20 | | _ | ns |
| | ^t hCLK-ST | 70 | | 20 | _ | _ | 115 |
| | tr | | Output load: 6.8 mH/5.7 Ω | _ | 0.1 | _ | MHz ns ns ns ns μs kHz kHz kHz |
| | t _f | | Output 10ad. 0.0 111 //3.7 32 | | 0.1 | | |
| Motor output transistor switching | ^t pLH (ST) | AC | STROBE (1) to V _{OUT} | | 15 | | MHz ns ns ns ns μs kHz kHz kHz |
| characteristic | ^t pHL (ST) | 70 | Output load: 6.8 mH/5.7 Ω | _ | 10 | _ | |
| | ^t pLH (CR) | | CR to V _{OUT} | | 1.2 | | |
| | ^t pHL (CR) | | Output load: 6.8 mH/5.7 Ω | | 2.5 | | |
| Motor noise rejection dead band time | t _{BLNK} | AC | $I_{out} = 0.7 A$ | 180 | 300 | 400 | ns |
| Motor CR reference signal oscillation frequency | fcr D | AC ataShe | C _{osc} = 560 pF tet4∪.com | 640 | 840 | 1000 | kHz |
| | f _{chop} (min) | | Output active $(I_{out} = 0.7 \text{ A})$ | | | | |
| Motor chopping frequency range | f _{chop (typ.)} | AC | Step fixed, $C_{cp 1} = 0.22 \ \mu F$, | 40 | 100 | 150 | kHz |
| | f _{chop (max)} | | $C_{cp\ 2} = 0.022\ \mu F$ | | | | |
| Motor motor chopping frequency | f _{chop} (M) | AC | Output active (I _{out} = 0.7 A) M_osc CLK = 800 kHz | _ | 105 | | kHz |
| Charge pump rising time | tong | AC | $\begin{array}{l} C_{cp2}=0.22 \ \mu\text{F}, \ C_{cp}=0.02 \ \mu\text{F} \\ V_M=24 \ V, \ V_{MR}=\text{OFF} \ are \\ reference \ voltages \end{array}$ | _ | 0.5 | 1.0 | ms |

AC Characteristics for DCDC Converter (Ta = 25°C, V_M = 24 V, 470 μ H, 470 μ F)

| Characteristics | Symbol | Test Circuit | Test Condition | | Тур. | Max | Unit |
|--|---------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|----|------|-----|------|
| Output transistor switching | t _{r_D} | AC | 470 μH/470 μF | | 0.1 | — | μs |
| characteristic | ^t f_D | | 470 μι ν470 μι | | 0.1 | — | μο |
| DCDC reference signal oscillation frequency | fosc_D | AC | C _{osc} = 560 pF | | 90 | _ | kHz |
| DCDC setting frequency range | f _{chop_D} | AC | _ | 40 | 100 | 150 | kHz |

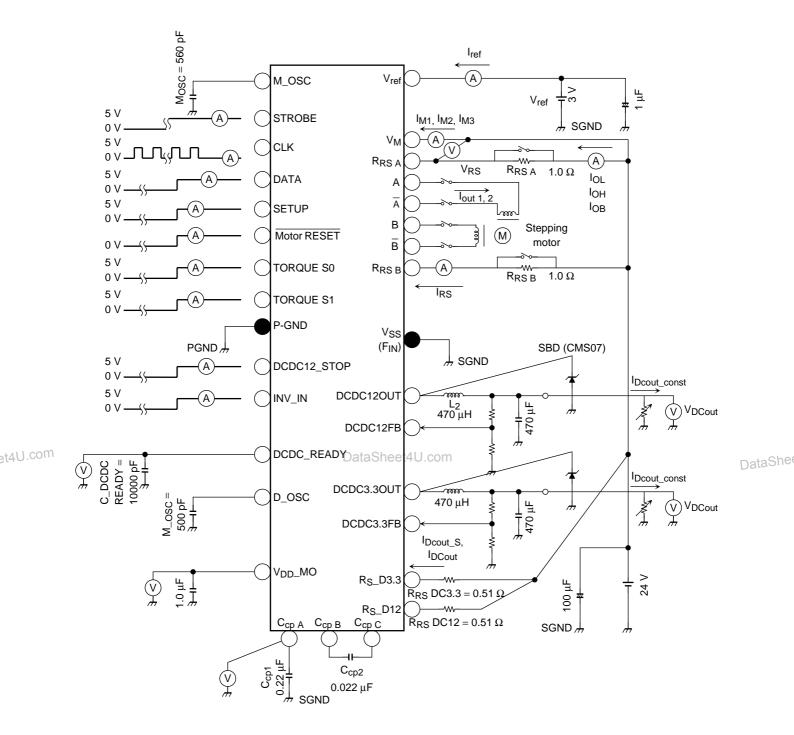
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| 1.4 | 1.1 | | CO | n | n |
|-----|-----|---|----|---|---|
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Test Circuit (DC characteristics)



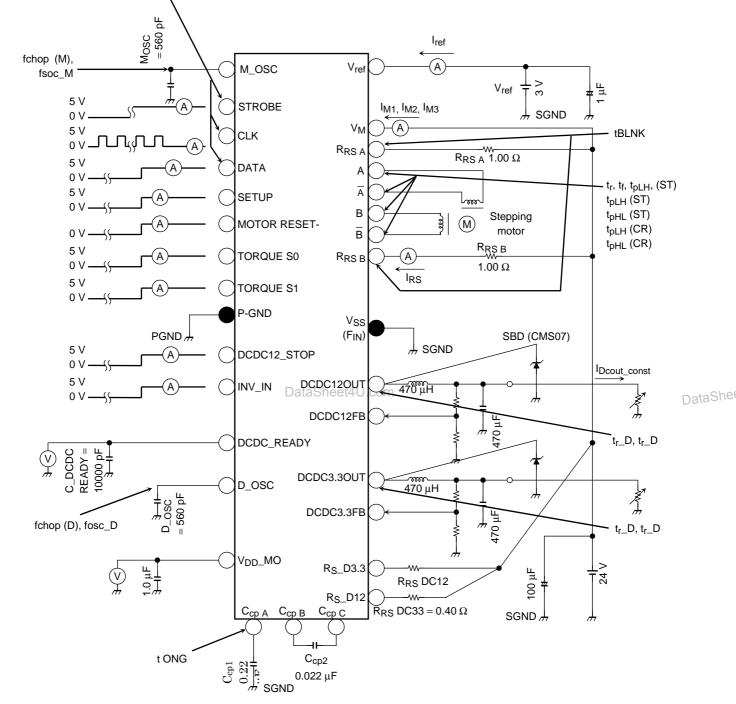
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Test Circuit (AC characteristics)

FCLK, tw (CLK), twp (CLK), twn (CLK) TSTROBE, tSTROBE (H), tSTROBE (L) TsuSin-CLK, tsuST-CLK, thSin-CLK, thCLK-ST



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Calculation of Set Current

To obtain the motor setting current value (peak current), values of R_{RS} , V_{ref} and Torque should be determined according to the equation below.

 $I_{out} (max) = \frac{1}{V_{ref} (gain)} \times V_{ref} (V) \times \frac{\text{Torque} (\text{torque} = 100, 75, 50, 25\%: \text{input serial data})}{R_{RS} (\Omega)}$

 $1/V_{ref}$ (gain): $1/V_{ref}$ attenuation ratio is 1/4.0 (typ.).

For example,

to input V_{ref} = 1 V and Torque = 100% and to output I_{out} = 0.25 A, R_{RS} = 1.0 Ω (0.1 W or more) is required.

Formulas for Calculating Reference Oscillation Frequency (chopping reference frequency)

The M_osc oscillation frequency ($f_{osc}M$) and, chopping frequency (f_{chop}) can be calculated by the following formulas :

$$fosc_M = \frac{1}{KA \times (CR \times 36000R + KB \times C)} [Hz]$$

KA (constant): 0.523

KB (constant): 600

 $R = 3.6 \text{ k}\Omega$ (internal resistor)

$$f_{chop} = \frac{M_{osc}}{8} [Hz]$$

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Example: When C_{OSC} = 560 pF is connected, M_osc = 813 kHz. At this time, the chopping frequency fchop is fchop for fosc/8 = 101 kHz.

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Note: $f_{chopc} = \frac{1}{f_{osc}}$

 $t_{OSC_M} = t \text{ (charge)} + t \text{ (discharge)}$ t_{OSC_M} : Motor OSC oscillation cycle t (charge): Motor OSC charge time

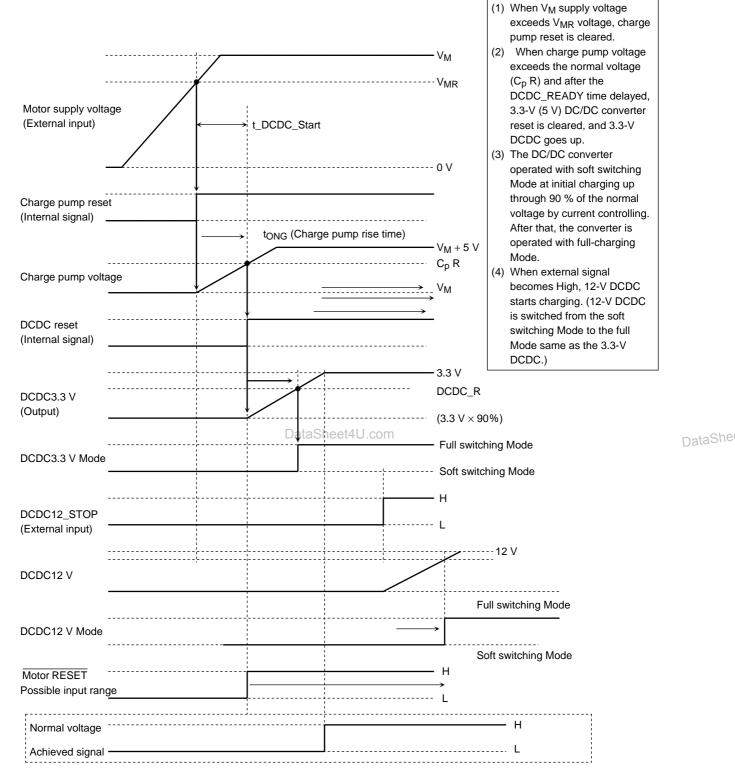
DCDC Converter Oscillating Frequency

 $\label{eq:DCDC} \begin{array}{l} \mbox{fDCDC (DCDC PWM frequency)} = 50 \ (\mu) / (0.8 \times {\rm COSC_D}) \ ({\rm Hz}) \\ \mbox{PWM frequency for DCDC block is about 100 kHz when COSC_D is 620 pF.} \end{array}$

Example:

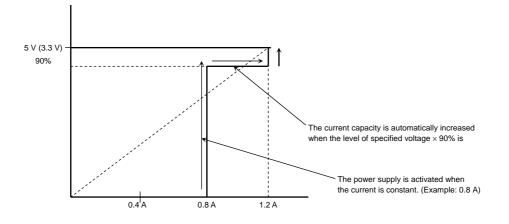
 $COSC_D = 680 \text{ pF}: 91 \text{ kHz} \\ = 620 \text{ pF}: 100 \text{ kHz} \\ = 560 \text{ pF}: 111 \text{ kHz} \\ = 510 \text{ pF}: 122 \text{ kHz} \\ = 470 \text{ pF}: 133 \text{ kHz} \\ = 390 \text{ pF}: 160 \text{ kHz} \end{cases}$

Startup Sequence of Power Supply (Voltage)



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Graph of the Power Supply on DCDC Input Side



Equations for Calculating Maximum Current Values in Soft-Start Mode and Full Mode

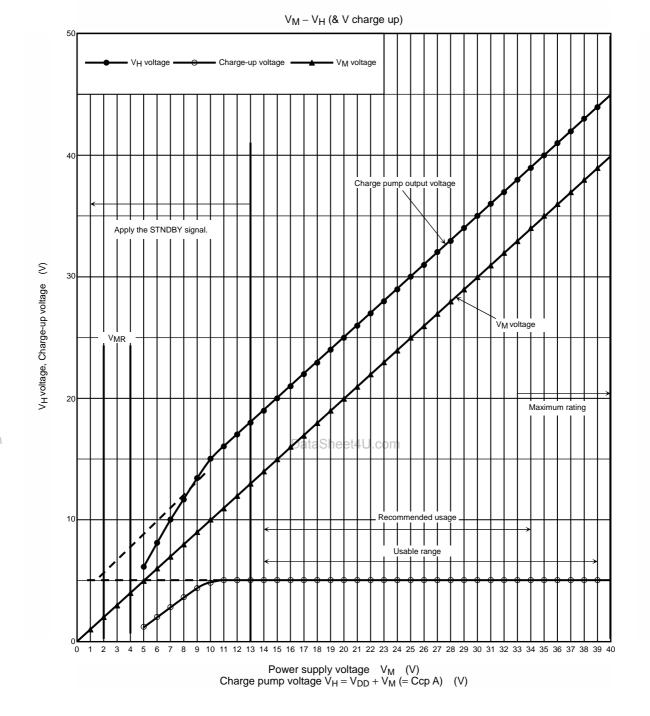
The values of limited current of the DCDC block in Soft-start Mode and Full Mode are obtained using the following equations.

- (1) When the specified voltage is 0% to 90% of the voltage range The maximum current value in Soft-start Mode : I DCout_S = 0.33/R RS_D33 (or D12) (A)
- (2) When the specified voltage is 90% to 100% of the voltage range
 The maximum current value in Full Mode
 I DC_out = I DCout_S × 1.5 (A)
 When the current is specified in Full Mode, the current value which can be driven out is obtained using the following equation.
 The maximum load current
 I DCout_const = I DC_out × 0.8 (A)

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Relationship between V_M and V_H (charge pump voltage)



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Note: $V_{DD} = 5 V$

 $C_{cp1} = 0.22 \; \mu \text{F}, \; C_{cp2} = 0.022 \; \mu \text{F}, \; f_{chop} = 150 \; \text{kHz}$

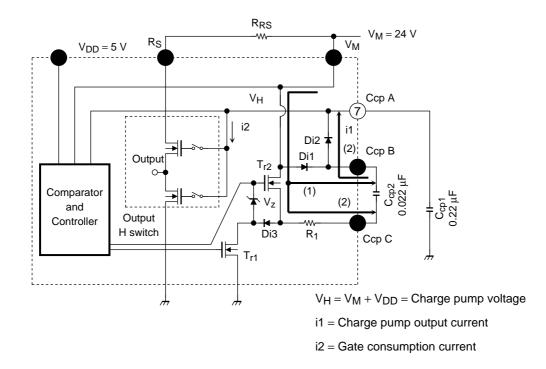
(Keep in mind that the temperatures of the charge pump capacitors change.)

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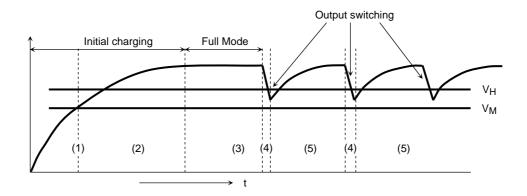
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Charge Pump Circuit Operation



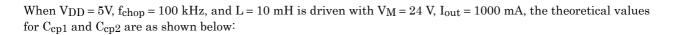
- At initial charging
 - (1) When the RESET circuit is released, Tr1 is turned on. Then Tr2 is turned off and C_{cp2} is charged from the V_M power supply via Di1.
 - (2) When Tr1 is turned off and Tr2 is turned on, C_{cp1} is charged from C_{cp2} via Di2.
 - (3) When the potential difference between V_M and V_H ($C_{cp} A pin voltage = charge pump voltage$) reaches V_{DD} or higher, the operation of the charge pump circuit stops. (In Full Mode)
- When IC is operating
 - (4) C_{cp1} charge is used at f_{chop} switching and the V_H potential drops.
 - (5) Charges up by (1) and (2) above.

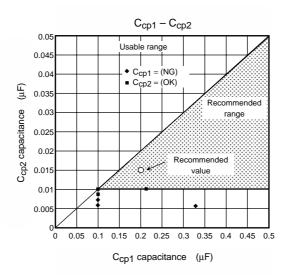


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External Constant of Charge Pump





For the combination of C_{cp1} and C_{cp2} please refer to the shaded area in the figure above.

To shib are commends the relation of C_{cp1} : $C_{cp2} \ge 10$: 1.

When the values of C_{cp1} and C_{cp2} are specified, perform an adequate test and allow sufficient margins for the values.

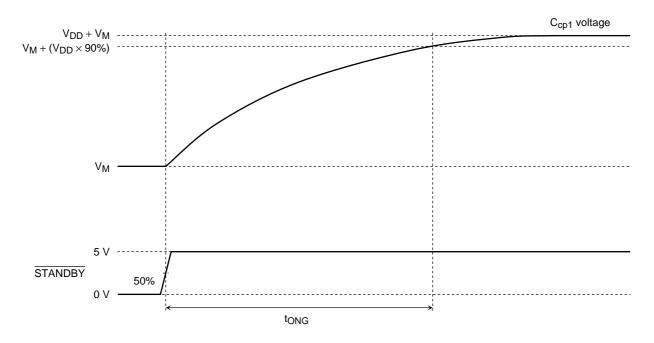
Please use the recommended values of C_{cp1} = 0.22 μF and C_{cp2} = 0. 022 μF for normal operation.

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Startup Time of Charge Pump



tong: Time taken for capacitor C_{cp2} (charging capacitor) to fill up C_{cp1} (capacitor used to save charge) to V_M + V_{DD} after a reset is released.

Until the voltage of C_{cp1} reaches $V_M + V_{DD}$, the motor and the DCDC converter do not operate normally. To prevent erroneous operations, the TB62205FG incorporates a protection circuit.

When the voltage of the charge pump is increased up to the specified level, the motor can operate standalone. However, the initial charging of the DCDC converter starts at this timing. Thus, the DCDC converter startup time should be included when the system startup time is set.

Basically, the larger the $\rm C_{cp1}$ capacitance, the longer the initial charge-up time but the smaller the voltage fluctuation.

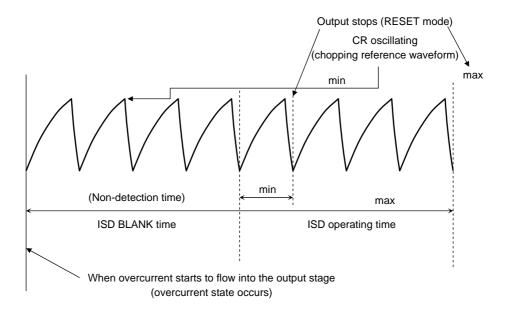
The smaller the C_{cp1} capacitance, the shorter the initial charge-up time but the larger the voltage fluctuation.

Depending on the combination of capacitors (especially with small capacitance), voltage may not be sufficiently boosted. Thus, use the capacitors under the capacitor combination conditions ($C_{cp1} = 0.22 \ \mu F$, $C_{cp2} = 0.022 \ \mu F$) recommended by Toshiba.

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Operating Time of Overcurrent Protection Circuit

ISD non-detection time and ISD operating time



The overcurrent protection circuit has a non-detection time to prevent erroneous detection of spike current generated in diode recovery current (I_{RR}) or at switching. The non-detection time being synchronized with the CR cycle for setting chopping frequency is expressed as follows.

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Non-detection time = $4 \times CR$ cycle

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Time required to stop the output after overcurrent flows into the output stage is expressed as follows. Minimum time = $5 \times CR$ cycle Maximum time = $8 \times CR$ cycle

Note that the operating times as shown above are achieved when overcurrent flows as it is expected. Depends on the timing of output control mode, the circuit may not be triggered. Thus, to ensure safe operation, please insert a fuse in the V_M power supply. (The capacity of the fuse is determined according to a condition to be used. Please select one whose capacity does not exceed the power dissipation for the IC to avoid any operating problems.)

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Example of Application Operation Input Data (4-bit micro-step drive)

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|---|-----|----|----|----|----|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|---|---|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|---|
| 1 | | | • | | | B ₀ | B ₁ | B ₂ | B ₃ | | | | A ₀ | A ₁ | A ₂ | A ₃ | |
| 2 1 | Bit | 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 4 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 1 0 1 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 0 1 0 1 1 0 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 0 1 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 6 1 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 0 1 1 0 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 7 1 1 1 0 0 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 8 1 1 1 0 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 1 <td>5</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> | 5 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 8 1 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 | 6 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 10 1 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 <td>7</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> | 7 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 10 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 | 8 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 11 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 | 9 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 12 1 1 1 0 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 <th1< th=""> <th1< th=""> <th1< th=""></th1<></th1<></th1<> | 10 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 13 1 1 1 0 0 1 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 | 11 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 14 1 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 | 12 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 151110010011001111111611101000011011111117111000000110111111181110000001011111119111001000001011111201110010000010111111211110010000101111122111001100101111123111001100101111124111011001010111112511100110 <t< td=""><td>13</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td></t<> | 13 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 161110100011011111117111100000110111111811100000001101111119111010000001101111201110010000010111112111100100001011111221110010001011112311100100101011112411100110011011111251110011001010111126111001010101 <t< td=""><td>14</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td></t<> | 14 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 17 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 1 | 15 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 181110000000111111119111000000101111112011110010000010111112011100110011111211110011000010011112211100100001001111123111001000100111124111011000101111124111011100110011111251110111001010111126111010101010 <t< td=""><td>16</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td></t<> | 16 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 19 1 1 1 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 | 17 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 20 1 1 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 1 | 18 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 21 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 | 19 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 22 1 1 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 23 1 1 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 | 20 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 23 1 1 1 0 1 0 0 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 | 21 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 24 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 1 0 1 1 0 1 0 0 1 0 1 1 0 0 1 0 1 1 0 1 0 0 1 0 1 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 | 22 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 25 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 | 23 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 26 1 1 1 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 0 1 1 27 1 1 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 1 0 1 | 24 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 27 1 1 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 1 1 1 0 1 28 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 <td>25</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> | 25 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 28 1 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 0 | 26 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 29 1 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 | 27 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 30 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 | 28 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 31 1 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 0 1 32 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 33 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 0 1 0 0 1 | 29 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 32 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 1 0 1 0 0 1 1 0 1 0 1 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 1 | 30 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 33 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 | 31 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| | 32 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 34 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 | 33 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| | 34 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |

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| | Torque 0 | Torque 1 | Decay B ₀ | Decay B ₁ | B ₀ | B ₁ | B ₂ | B ₃ | Phase B | Decay A ₀ | Decay A ₁ | A ₀ | A ₁ | A ₂ | A ₃ | Phase A |
|-----|-------------|-------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|------------|
| Bit | 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| 35 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 36 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 37 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 38 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 39 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 40 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 41 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 42 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 43 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 44 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 45 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 46 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 47 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 48 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 49 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 50 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 51 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 52 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 53 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 54 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 1 | 0 0 | 0 | D.com 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 55 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 56 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 57 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 58 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 59 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 60 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 61 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 62 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 63 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 64 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 65 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 66 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 67 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 68 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

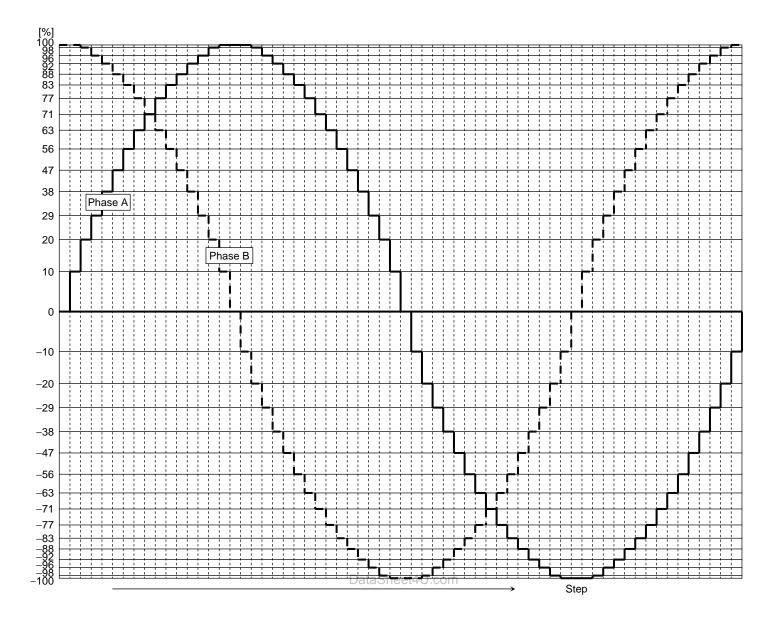
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Data are applied on the rising edge of CLK. Every input of a data string (16-bit) requires input of the Strobe signal. For the function of the input signals, please refer to the section "Function".

In the above input data example, Decay Mode has a Mixed Decay mode (37.5%) setting for both the rising and falling directions of the sine wave, and a torque setting of 100%.





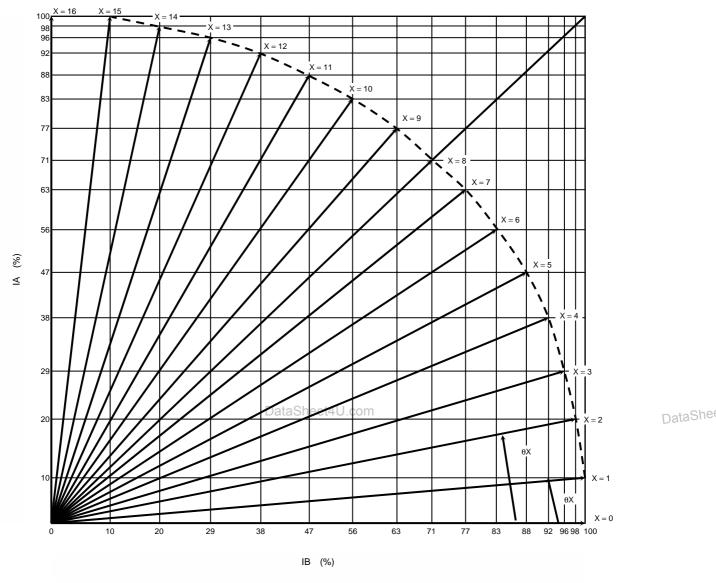
17-step micro-step drive from 0° to 90° can be achieved by combining Current DATA (AB and CD) and phase data.

For the input current data, please refer to "Current A0 to A3 and B0 to B3" in the section "Function".

Depending on the load, the optimum condition changes for selecting Mixed Decay Mode when the sine wave rises and falls. Select the appropriate Mixed Decay timing according to the load.

Output Current Vector Locus

4W 1-2 Phase Excitation (4-bit micro-step drive)



For the input data, please refer to the "Function" column in the "Current" row in the section "Function".

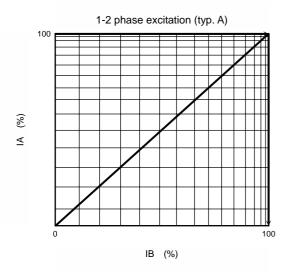
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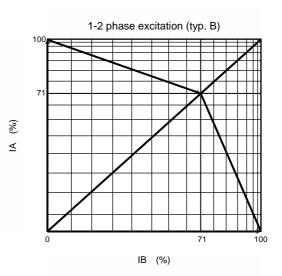
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32

Output Vector Locus 2 (Modes other than 4 W 1-2 phase)





38

56

IB (%)

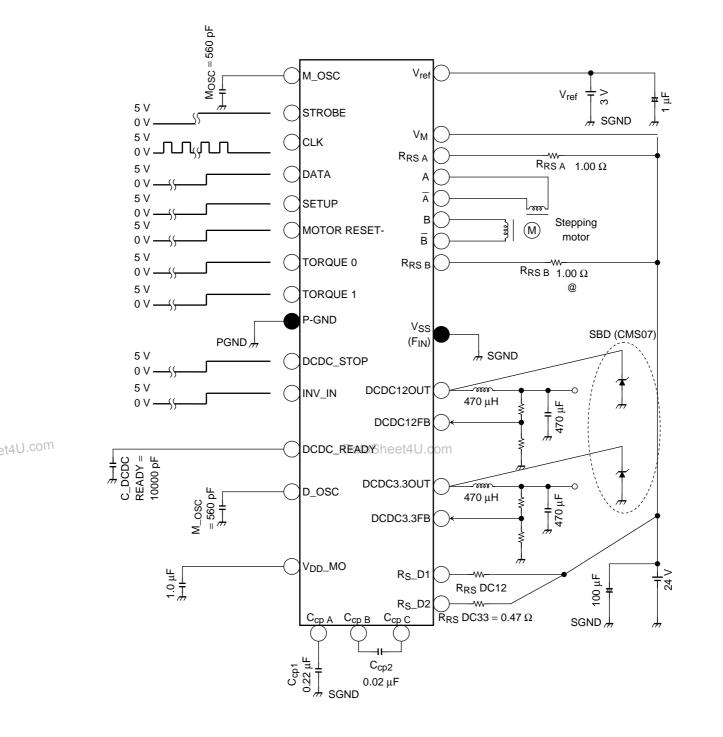
71

83 92 98 100

W 1-2 phase excitation 2W 1-2 phase excitation 100 98 92 100, 92 83 71 71 56 (%) (%) et4U.com ≤ .cor Data ≤ 38 38 20 38 71 92 100 20 0 0 IB (%)

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Application Circuit



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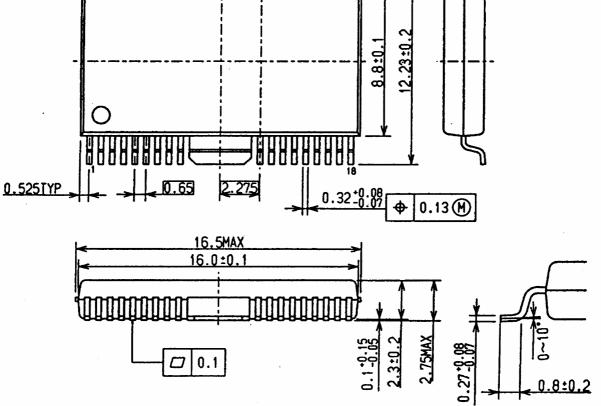
Package Dimensions

ÃRARARAR

HSOP36-P-450-0.65

Unit: mm





<u>ÅAAAAAAA</u>Ä

3.55±0.1

Weight: 0.79 g (typ.)

2005-04-04

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